

About this report

PRI reporting is the largest global reporting project on responsible investment. It was developed with investors, for investors.

PRI signatories are required to report publicly on their responsible investment activities each year. In turn, they receive a number of outputs, including a public and private Transparency Report.

The public Transparency Reports, which are produced using signatories' reported information, provide accountability and support signatories to have internal discussions about their practices and to discuss these with their clients, beneficiaries, and other stakeholders.

This public Transparency Report is an export of the signatory's responses to the PRI Reporting Framework during the 2023 reporting period. It includes the signatory's responses to core indicators, as well as responses to plus indicators that the signatory has agreed to make public.

In response to signatory feedback, the PRI has not summarised signatories' responses – the information in this document is presented exactly as it was reported.

For each of the indicators in this document, all options selected by the signatory are presented, including links and qualitative responses. In some indicators, all applicable options are included for additional context.

Disclaimers

Responsible investment definitions

Within the PRI Reporting Framework Glossary, we provide definitions for key terms to guide reporting on responsible investment practices in the Reporting Framework. These definitions may differ from those used or proposed by other authorities and regulatory bodies due to evolving industry perspectives and changing legislative landscapes. Users of this report should be aware of these variations, as they may impact interpretations of the information provided.

Data accuracy

This document presents information reported directly by signatories in the 2023 reporting cycle. This information has not been audited by the PRI or any other party acting on its behalf. While this information is believed to be reliable, no representations or warranties are made as to the accuracy of the information presented.

The PRI has taken reasonable action to ensure that data submitted by signatories in the reporting tool is reflected in their official PRI reports accurately. However, it is possible that small data inaccuracies and/or gaps remain, and the PRI shall not be responsible or liable for such inaccuracies and gaps.

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SENIOR LEADERSHIP STATEMENT (SLS)

SENIOR LEADERSHIP STATEMENT

SENIOR LEADERSHIP STATEMENT

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SLS 1	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Senior Leadership Statement	GENERAL

Section 1. Our commitment

- Why does your organisation engage in responsible investment?
- What is your organisation's overall approach to responsible investment, and what major responsible investment commitment(s) have you made?

At the core of Jade Invest's investment philosophy is the firm conviction that sustainability and best practice are accretive to long-term investment returns, both through downside risk reduction and increased return potential.

An increasing number of consumers across the globe are making purchasing decisions taking ESG into account and in certain consumer segments the willingness to pay a premium to goods and services that are sourced sustainably and ethically, is significant. The 17 goals as defined by the United Nations General Assembly in 2015 comprise a key component to our ESG strategy, in particular with regards to environment, health, sanitation and innovation. We incorporate these goals into our investment screening process as well as our post-investment portfolio management. In addition to the UN's development goals, we look carefully at tax and regulatory compliance, areas which we believe to be of particular importance in our market.

Section 2. Annual overview

- Discuss your organisation's progress during the reporting year on the responsible investment issue you consider most relevant or material to your organisation or its assets.
- Reflect on your performance with respect to your organisation's responsible investment objectives and targets during the reporting year. Details might include, for example, outlining your single most important achievement or describing your general progress on topics such as the following (where applicable):
- refinement of ESG analysis and incorporation
- stewardship activities with investees and/or with policymakers
- collaborative engagements
- attainment of responsible investment certifications and/or awards

Jade Invest's Responsible Investment Guidlines are fully integrated into the firm's overall screening, due diligence and monitoring protocols and cover environment, corporate governance, labour rights, human rights as well as tax and regulatory compliance. In the pre-due diligence phase, Jade Invest conducts a top-level assessment of the potential target company to determine whether the the business model and industry are compatible with the RI guidelines, i.e. if it is deemed possible to reach a satisfactory level of compliance with adequate support and guidance. In the later stages of the underwriting process, a more detailed evaluation is being carried out as part of the overall risk assessment, along with an initial action plan focusing on areas of particular concern.



Section 3. Next steps

■ What specific steps has your organisation outlined to advance your commitment to responsible investment in the next two years?

Our ESG monitoring and portfolio management process is divided into "Detection" and "Implementation". The former is the responsibility of every member of Jade Invest's investment and portfolio management teams, who are obligated to report any confirmed, suspected or potential issues to the team member in charge of overall monitoring for any given portfolio company. All ESG, tax and regulatory issues are filed in our portfolio management "Issues Log", with a clear description of the issue in question, the team member responsible, proposed action and a due date for resolving the issue. The Issues Log is shared across the team on a real-time basis to ensure maximal internal transparency and oversight, and is being reviewed on a weekly basis across the portfolio.

Section 4. Endorsement

'The Senior Leadership Statement has been prepared and/or reviewed by the undersigned and reflects our organisation-wide commitment and approach to responsible investment'.

Name

Shen Jie

Position

HR Manager

Organisation's Name

Jade Invest

A

'This endorsement applies only to the Senior Leadership Statement and should not be considered an endorsement of the information reported by the above-mentioned organisation in the various modules of the Reporting Framework. The Senior Leadership Statement serves as a general overview of the above-mentioned organisation's responsible investment approach. The Senior Leadership Statement does not constitute advice and should not be relied upon as such. Further, it is not a substitute for the skill, judgement and experience of any third parties, their management, employees, advisors and/or clients when making investment and other business decisions'.

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ORGANISATIONAL OVERVIEW (00)

ORGANISATIONAL INFORMATION

REPORTING YEAR

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 1	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Reporting year	GENERAL

What is the year-end date of the 12-month period you have chosen to report for PRI reporting purposes?

	Date	Month	Year
Year-end date of the 12-month period for PRI reporting purposes:	31	12	2022

SUBSIDIARY INFORMATION

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 2	CORE	N/A	OO 2.1	PUBLIC	Subsidiary information	GENERAL

Does your organisation have subsidiaries?

(A) Yes

o (B) No

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 2.1	CORE	OO 2	OO 2.2	PUBLIC	Subsidiary information	GENERAL

Are any of your organisation's subsidiaries PRI signatories in their own right?

o (A) Yes



ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT

ALL ASSET CLASSES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 4	CORE	00 3	N/A	PUBLIC	All asset classes	GENERAL

What are your total assets under management (AUM) at the end of the reporting year, as indicated in [OO 1]?

USD

(A) AUM of your organisation, including subsidiaries, and excluding the AUM subject to execution, advisory, custody, or research advisory only

US\$ 400,000,000.00

(B) AUM of subsidiaries that are PRI signatories in their own right and excluded from this submission, as indicated in [OO 2.2]

US\$ 0.00

(C) AUM subject to execution, advisory, custody, or research advisory only

US\$ 0.00

ASSET BREAKDOWN

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 5	CORE	OO 3	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a percentage breakdown of your total AUM at the end of the reporting year as indicated in [OO 1].



	(1) Percentage of Internally managed AUM	(2) Percentage of Externally managed AUM
(A) Listed equity	0%	0%
(B) Fixed income	0%	0%
(C) Private equity	>75%	0%
(D) Real estate	0%	0%
(E) Infrastructure	0%	0%
(F) Hedge funds	0%	0%
(G) Forestry	0%	0%
(H) Farmland	0%	0%
(I) Other	0%	0%
(J) Off-balance sheet	0%	0%

ASSET BREAKDOWN: INTERNALLY MANAGED PRIVATE EQUITY

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 5.3 PE	CORE	OO 5	N/A	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown: Internally managed private equity	GENERAL

Provide a further breakdown of your internally managed private equity AUM.

(A) Venture capital	0%
(B) Growth capital	>10-50%
(C) (Leveraged) buy-out	>10-50%



(D) Distressed, turnaround or special situations	0%
(E) Secondaries	0%
(F) Other	0%

GEOGRAPHICAL BREAKDOWN

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 7	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Geographical breakdown	GENERAL

How much of your AUM in each asset class is invested in emerging markets and developing economies?

AUM in Emerging Markets and Developing Economies

(F) Private equity (12) 100%

STEWARDSHIP

STEWARDSHIP

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 8	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Stewardship	GENERAL

Does your organisation conduct stewardship activities, excluding (proxy) voting, for any of your assets?

(5) Private equity

(A) Yes, through internal staff	
(B) Yes, through service providers	



(C) Yes, through external managers		
(D) We do not conduct stewardship	0	

ESG INCORPORATION

INTERNALLY MANAGED ASSETS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 11	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Internally managed assets	1

For each internally managed asset class, does your organisation incorporate ESG factors into your investment decisions?

	(1) Yes, we incorporate ESG factors into our investment decisions	(2) No, we do not incorporate ESG factors into our investment decisions
(I) Private equity	•	0

ESG/SUSTAINABILITY FUNDS AND PRODUCTS

LABELLING AND MARKETING

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 18	CORE	OO 11–14	00 18.1	PUBLIC	Labelling and marketing	1

Do you explicitly market any of your products and/or funds as ESG and/or sustainable?

- $\circ~$ (A) Yes, we market products and/or funds as ESG and/or sustainable
- \circ (B) No, we do not offer products or funds explicitly marketed as ESG and/or sustainable
- (C) Not applicable; we do not offer products or funds



SUMMARY OF REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

SUMMARY OF REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 21	CORE	Multiple indicators	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Summary of reporting requirements	GENERAL

The following table shows which modules are mandatory or voluntary to report on in the separate PRI asset class modules. Where a module is voluntary, indicate if you wish to report on it.

Applicable modules	(1) Mandatory to report (pre-filled based on previous responses)	(2.1) Voluntary to report. Yes, I want to opt-in to reporting on the module	(2.2) Voluntary to report. No, I want to opt-out of reporting on the module
Policy, Governance and Strategy	•	0	0
Confidence Building Measures	•	0	0
(I) Private equity	•	0	0

OTHER ASSET BREAKDOWNS

PRIVATE EQUITY: SECTORS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 22	CORE	00 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Private equity: Sectors	GENERAL

In which sector(s) are your internally managed private equity assets invested?

- ☑ (A) Energy
- ☐ (B) Materials
- ☑ (C) Industrials
- **☑** (D) Consumer discretionary
- ☑ (E) Consumer staples
- **☑** (F) Healthcare
- ☑ (G) Financials
- ☑ (H) Information technology
- \square (I) Communication services
- ☐ (J) Utilities
- ☑ (K) Real estate



PRIVATE EQUITY: OWNERSHIP LEVEL

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 23	CORE	OO 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Private equity: Ownership level	GENERAL

What is the percentage breakdown of your internally managed private equity investments by the level of ownership?

☑ (A) A majority stake (more than 50%)

Select from the list:

- o (1) >0 to 10%
- o (2) >10 to 50%
- (3) >50 to 75%
- o (4) >75%

☑ (B) A significant minority stake (between 10–50%)

Select from the list:

- o (1) >0 to 10%
- **(2) >10 to 50%**

☑ (C) A limited minority stake (less than 10%)

Select from the list:

- o (1) >0 to 10%
- **(2) >10 to 50%**

SUBMISSION INFORMATION

REPORT DISCLOSURE

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 32	CORE	OO 3, OO 31	N/A	PUBLIC	Report disclosure	GENERAL

How would you like to disclose the detailed percentage figures you reported throughout the Reporting Framework?

- o (A) Publish as absolute numbers
- (B) Publish as ranges



POLICY, GOVERNANCE AND STRATEGY (PGS)

POLICY

RESPONSIBLE INVESTMENT POLICY ELEMENTS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 1	CORE	OO 8, OO 9	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy elements	1, 2

Which elements are covered in your formal responsible investment policy(ies)?

- ☑ (A) Overall approach to responsible investment
- ☑ (B) Guidelines on environmental factors
- ☑ (C) Guidelines on social factors
- ☑ (D) Guidelines on governance factors
- ☑ (E) Guidelines on sustainability outcomes
- ☑ (F) Guidelines tailored to the specific asset class(es) we hold
- **☑** (G) Guidelines on exclusions
- ☑ (H) Guidelines on managing conflicts of interest related to responsible investment
- ☑ (I) Stewardship: Guidelines on engagement with investees
- ☑ (J) Stewardship: Guidelines on overall political engagement
- ☑ (K) Stewardship: Guidelines on engagement with other key stakeholders
- \square (M) Other responsible investment elements not listed here
- o (N) Our organisation does not have a formal responsible investment policy and/or our policy(ies) do not cover any responsible investment elements

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 2	CORE	PGS 1	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy elements	1

Does your formal responsible investment policy(ies) include specific guidelines on systematic sustainability issues?

- ☑ (A) Specific guidelines on climate change (may be part of guidelines on environmental factors)
- ☑ (B) Specific guidelines on human rights (may be part of guidelines on social factors)
- \square (C) Specific guidelines on other systematic sustainability issues
- o (D) Our formal responsible investment policy(ies) does not include guidelines on systematic sustainability issues



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 3	CORE	PGS 1, PGS 2	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy elements	6

Which elements of your formal responsible investment policy(ies) are publicly available?

(A) Overall approach to responsible investment Add link:

https://www.jadeinvest.com/wp-content/uploads/JI-RI-Policy.pdf

☑ (B) Guidelines on environmental factors

Add link:

https://www.jadeinvest.com/wp-content/uploads/Jade-Invest-Climate-Transparency-Report-2020.pdf

☑ (C) Guidelines on social factors

Add link:

https://www.jadeinvest.com/wp-content/uploads/JI-PRI-Transparency-Report-2020.pdf

☑ (D) Guidelines on governance factors

Add link:

https://www.jadeinvest.com/wp-content/uploads/JI-PRI-Transparency-Report-2020.pdf

☑ (E) Guidelines on sustainability outcomes

Add link:

https://www.jadeinvest.com/wp-content/uploads/JI-PRI-Transparency-Report-2020.pdf

☑ (F) Specific guidelines on climate change (may be part of guidelines on environmental factors)
Add link:

https://www.jadeinvest.com/wp-content/uploads/Jade-Invest-Climate-Transparency-Report-2020.pdf

\Box (G) Specific guidelines on human rights (may be part of guidelines on social factors)	
\square (I) Guidelines tailored to the specific asset class(es) we hold	
☐ (J) Guidelines on exclusions	
\square (K) Guidelines on managing conflicts of interest related to responsible investment	
\square (L) Stewardship: Guidelines on engagement with investees	
☐ (M) Stewardship: Guidelines on overall political engagement	

- \square (N) Stewardship: Guidelines on engagement with other key stakeholders
- $\circ~$ (Q) No elements of our formal responsible investment policy(ies) are publicly available



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 4	PLUS	PGS 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy elements	1-6

Does your formal responsible investment policy(ies) identify a link between your responsible investment activities and your fiduciary duties or equivalent obligations?

(A) Yes

Elaborate:

Our single most important safety hatch to control ESG and compliance risks is majority control, a non-negotiable criteria of Jade Invest upon entering a new investment. Due to our careful screening and due diligence process, there is already alignment on ESG and compliance with the management team from the outset and our majority control is primarily considered as a last-resort backstop.

As a control investor in small to medium sized private companies, with concentrated and actively managed portfolios, we are in frequent and close dialogue with management teams, in addition to quarterly board meetings. We also promote close interaction between our team members and portfolio company back office and mid- management staff to maximize oversight and transparency. Our ESG monitoring and portfolio management process is divided into "Detection" and "Implementation".

The former is the responsibility of every member of our investment and portfolio management teams, who should report any confirmed, suspected or potential issues to the team member in charge of overall monitoring for any given portfolio company (the "Project Manager"). The Project Manager carries the full responsibility for the implementation of measures agreed with management, regardless of whether a certain task is delegated internally.

o (B) No

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 5	CORE	PGS 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy elements	2

Which elements are covered in your organisation's policy(ies) or guidelines on stewardship?

- ☑ (A) Overall stewardship objectives
- ☑ (B) Prioritisation of specific ESG factors to be advanced via stewardship activities
- ☑ (C) Criteria used by our organisation to prioritise the investees, policy makers, key stakeholders, or other entities on which to focus our stewardship efforts
- ☑ (D) How different stewardship tools and activities are used across the organisation
- ☑ (E) Approach to escalation in stewardship
- ☑ (F) Approach to collaboration in stewardship
- ☑ (G) Conflicts of interest related to stewardship
- ☑ (H) How stewardship efforts and results are communicated across the organisation to feed into investment decision-making and vice versa
- ☐ (I) Other
- (J) None of the above elements is captured in our policy(ies) or guidelines on stewardship



RESPONSIBLE INVESTMENT POLICY COVERAGE

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 8	CORE	PGS 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy coverage	1

What percentage of your total AUM is covered by the below elements of your responsible investment policy(ies)?

Combined AUM coverage of all policy elements

(A) Overall approach to responsible investment

(B) Guidelines on environmental factors

(C) Guidelines on social factors

(D) Guidelines on governance factors

(7) 100%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 9	CORE	PGS 2	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy coverage	1

What proportion of your AUM is covered by your formal policies or guidelines on climate change, human rights, or other systematic sustainability issues?

	AUM coverage
(A) Specific guidelines on climate change	(1) for all of our AUM
(B) Specific guidelines on human rights	(1) for all of our AUM



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 10	CORE	OO 8, OO 9, PGS 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy coverage	2

Per asset class, what percentage of your AUM is covered by your policy(ies) or guidelines on stewardship with investees?

☑ (C) Private equity

- (1) Percentage of AUM covered
 - o (1) >0% to 10%
 - o (2) >10% to 20%
 - o (3) >20% to 30%
 - o (4) >30% to 40%
 - o (5) >40% to 50%
 - o (6) >50% to 60%
 - o (7) >60% to 70%
 - o (8) >70% to 80%
 - o (9) >80% to 90%
 - o (10) >90% to <100%
 - **(11) 100%**

GOVERNANCE

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 11	CORE	N/A	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1

Which senior level body(ies) or role(s) in your organisation have formal oversight over and accountability for responsible investment?

- ☑ (A) Board members, trustees, or equivalent
- (B) Senior executive-level staff, or equivalent Specify:

HR Manager

☑ (C) Investment committee, or equivalent

Specify:

every investment team members

- \square (D) Head of department, or equivalent
- o (E) None of the above bodies and roles have oversight over and accountability for responsible investment



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 11.1	CORE	PGS 1, PGS 2, PGS 11	N/A	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1, 2

Does your organisation's senior level body(ies) or role(s) have formal oversight over and accountability for the elements covered in your responsible investment policy(ies)?

	(1) Board members, trustees, or equivalent	(2) Senior executive-level staff, investment committee, head of department, or equivalent
(A) Overall approach to responsible investment	Ø	☑
(B) Guidelines on environmental, social and/or governance factors		
(C) Guidelines on sustainability outcomes		
(D) Specific guidelines on climate change (may be part of guidelines on environmental factors)		☑
(E) Specific guidelines on human rights (may be part of guidelines on social factors)	☑	✓
(G) Guidelines tailored to the specific asset class(es) we hold		
(H) Guidelines on exclusions	Z	Ø
(I) Guidelines on managing conflicts of interest related to responsible investment	Z	\square
(J) Stewardship: Guidelines on engagement with investees		



(K) Stewardship: Guidelines on overall political engagement	Ø	
(L) Stewardship: Guidelines on engagement with other key stakeholders		
(N) This role has no formal oversight over and accountability for any of the above elements covered in our responsible investment policy(ies)	0	0

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 11.2	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1-6

Does your organisation have governance processes or structures to ensure that your overall political engagement is aligned with your commitment to the principles of PRI, including any political engagement conducted by third parties on your behalf?

- o (A) Yes
- o (B) No
- (C) Not applicable, our organisation does not conduct any form of political engagement directly or through any third
 parties

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 12	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1

In your organisation, which internal or external roles are responsible for implementing your approach to responsible investment?

☑ (A) Internal role(s)

Specify:

Investment team members middle and back office members

☑ (B) External investment managers, service providers, or other external partners or suppliers



Specify:

Due diligence service providers, consulting service providers and all the supply chain service providers

o (C) We do not have any internal or external roles with responsibility for implementing responsible investment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 13	CORE	PGS 11	N/A	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1

Does your organisation use responsible investment KPIs to evaluate the performance of your board members, trustees, or equivalent?

● (A) Yes, we use responsible investment KPIs to evaluate the performance of our board members, trustees, or equivalent

Describe: (Voluntary)

Our ESG monitoring and portfolio management process is divided into "Detection" and "Implementation". The former is the responsibility of every member of our investment and portfolio management teams, who should report any confirmed, suspected or potential issues to the team member in charge of overall monitoring for any given portfolio company (the "Project Manager"). The Project Manager carries the full responsibility for the implementation of measures agreed with management, regardless of whether a certain task is delegated internally.

We will conduct annual assessments of the work performance of our board members and trustees, including ESG related performance.

o (B) No, we do not use responsible investment KPIs to evaluate the performance of our board members, trustees, or equivalent

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 14	CORE	PGS 11	N/A	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1

Does your organisation use responsible investment KPIs to evaluate the performance of your senior executive-level staff (or equivalent), and are these KPIs linked to compensation?

(A) Yes, we use responsible investment KPIs to evaluate the performance of our senior executive-level staff (or equivalent)

Indicate whether these responsible investment KPIs are linked to compensation

- **(1) KPIs are linked to compensation**
- o (2) KPIs are not linked to compensation as these roles do not have variable compensation
- o (3) KPIs are not linked to compensation even though these roles have variable compensation

Describe: (Voluntary)

Our ESG monitoring and portfolio management process is divided into "Detection" and "Implementation". The former is the responsibility of every member of our investment and portfolio management teams, who should report any confirmed, suspected or potential issues to the team member in charge of overall monitoring for any given portfolio company (the "Project Manager"). The Project Manager carries the full responsibility for the implementation of measures agreed with management, regardless of whether a certain task is delegated internally.

We will conduct quarterly, semi annual and annual assessments of the work performance of our senior executive-level staff, including ESG related performance.

o (B) No, we do not use responsible investment KPIs to evaluate the performance of our senior executive-level staff (or equivalent)

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 15	PLUS	PGS 11	N/A	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1

What responsible investment competencies do you regularly include in the training of senior-level body(ies) or role(s) in your organisation?

	(1) Board members, trustees or equivalent	(2) Senior executive-level staff, investment committee, head of department or equivalent	
(A) Specific competence in climate change mitigation and adaptation	7	7	
(B) Specific competence in investors' responsibility to respect human rights			
(C) Specific competence in other systematic sustainability issues	Ø		
(D) The regular training of this senior leadership role does not include any of the above responsible investment competencies	0	0	



EXTERNAL REPORTING AND DISCLOSURES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 16	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	External reporting and disclosures	6

What elements are included in your regular reporting to clients and/or beneficiaries for the majority of your AUM?

- ☑ (A) Any changes in policies related to responsible investment
- ☑ (B) Any changes in governance or oversight related to responsible investment
- **☑** (C) Stewardship-related commitments
- ☑ (D) Progress towards stewardship-related commitments
- ☑ (E) Climate-related commitments
- ☑ (F) Progress towards climate-related commitments
- **☑** (G) Human rights-related commitments
- ☐ (H) Progress towards human rights-related commitments
- ☑ (I) Commitments to other systematic sustainability issues
- ☑ (J) Progress towards commitments on other systematic sustainability issues
- o (K) We do not include any of these elements in our regular reporting to clients and/or beneficiaries for the majority of our AUM

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 17	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	External reporting and disclosures	6

During the reporting year, did your organisation publicly disclose climate-related information in line with the Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures' (TCFD) recommendations?

- ☑ (A) Yes, including all governance-related recommended disclosures
- ☑ (B) Yes, including all strategy-related recommended disclosures
- ☑ (C) Yes, including all risk management-related recommended disclosures
- ☑ (D) Yes, including all applicable metrics and targets-related recommended disclosures
- (E) None of the above Add link(s):

https://www.jadeinvest.com/wp-content/uploads/Jade-Invest-Climate-Transparency-Report-2020.pdf



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 18	PLUS	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	External reporting and disclosures	6

During the reporting year, to which international responsible investment standards, frameworks, or regulations did your organisation report?

☑ (A) Disclosures against the European Union's Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR) Link to example of public disclosures

https://www.jadeinvest.com/wp-content/uploads/JI-RI-Policy.pdf

☑ (B) Disclosures against the European Union's Taxonomy

Link to example of public disclosures

https://www.jadeinvest.com/wp-content/uploads/JI-RI-Policy.pdf

☑ (C) Disclosures against the CFA's ESG Disclosures Standard

Link to example of public disclosures

https://www.jadeinvest.com/wp-content/uploads/JI-RI-Policy.pdf

- ☐ (D) Disclosures against other international standards, frameworks or regulations
- \square (E) Disclosures against other international standards, frameworks or regulations
- ☐ (F) Disclosures against other international standards, frameworks or regulations
- \square (G) Disclosures against other international standards, frameworks or regulations

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 19	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	External reporting and disclosures	6

During the reporting year, did your organisation publicly disclose its membership in and support for trade associations, think tanks or similar bodies that conduct any form of political engagement?

- (A) Yes, we publicly disclosed our membership in and support for trade associations, think tanks, or similar bodies that conduct any form of political engagement
- o (B) No, we did not publicly disclose our membership in and support for trade associations, think tanks, or similar bodies that conduct any form of political engagement
- (C) Not applicable, we were not members in or supporters of any trade associations, think tanks, or similar bodies that conduct any form of political engagement during the reporting year



STRATEGY

CAPITAL ALLOCATION

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 20	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Capital allocation	1

Which elements do your organisation-level exclusions cover?

_												
1 1 ((Α)	Exclusions	hased c	nn our c	rganisation'	s values d	or heliets	regarding	narticular	sectors	nroducts c	or services
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- ☐ (B) Exclusions based on our organisation's values or beliefs regarding particular regions or countries
- \Box (C) Exclusions based on minimum standards of business practice aligned with international norms such as the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the International Bill of Human Rights, UN Security Council sanctions or the UN Global Compact
- \square (D) Exclusions based on our organisation's climate change commitments
- \square (E) Other elements
- (F) Not applicable; our organisation does not have any organisation-level exclusions

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 21	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Capital allocation	1

How does your responsible investment approach influence your strategic asset allocation process?

- ☑ (A) We incorporate ESG factors into our assessment of expected asset class risks and returns
 - Select from dropdown list:
 - (1) for all of our AUM subject to strategic asset allocation
 - o (2) for a majority of our AUM subject to strategic asset allocation
 - o (3) for a minority of our AUM subject to strategic asset allocation
- ☑ (B) We incorporate climate change-related risks and opportunities into our assessment of expected asset class risks and returns

Select from dropdown list:

- (1) for all of our AUM subject to strategic asset allocation
- o (2) for a majority of our AUM subject to strategic asset allocation
- o (3) for a minority of our AUM subject to strategic asset allocation
- ☑ (C) We incorporate human rights-related risks and opportunities into our assessment of expected asset class risks and returns

Select from dropdown list:

- (1) for all of our AUM subject to strategic asset allocation
- o (2) for a majority of our AUM subject to strategic asset allocation
- o (3) for a minority of our AUM subject to strategic asset allocation
- □ (D) We incorporate risks and opportunities related to other systematic sustainability issues into our assessment of expected asset class risks and returns



- o (E) We do not incorporate ESG factors, climate change, human rights or other systematic sustainability issues into our assessment of expected asset class risks and returns
- o (F) Not applicable; we do not have a strategic asset allocation process

STEWARDSHIP: OVERALL STEWARDSHIP STRATEGY

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 22	CORE	OO 8, OO 9	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship: Overall stewardship strategy	2

For the majority of AUM within each asset class, which of the following best describes your primary stewardship objective?

(3) Private equity

(A) Maximise our portfolio-level risk-adjusted returns. In doing so, we seek to address any risks to overall portfolio performance caused by individual investees' contribution to systematic sustainability issues.



(B) Maximise our individual investments' risk-adjusted returns. In doing so, we do not seek to address any risks to overall portfolio performance caused by individual investees' contribution to systematic sustainability issues.

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Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 23	PLUS	OO 5, OO 8, OO 9	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship: Overall stewardship strategy	2

How does your organisation, or the external service providers or external managers acting on your behalf, prioritise the investees or other entities on which to focus its stewardship efforts?



Our ESG monitoring and portfolio management process is divided into "Detection" and "Implementation". The former is the responsibility of every member of Jade Invest's investment and portfolio management teams, who are obligated to report any confirmed, suspected or potential issues to the team member in charge of overall monitoring for any given portfolio company (the "Project Manager"). All ESG, tax and regulatory issues are filed in our portfolio management "Issues Log", with a clear description of the issue in question, the team member responsible, proposed action and a due date for resolving the issue. The Issues Log is shared across the team on a real-time basis to ensure maximal internal transparency and oversight, and is being reviewed on a weekly basis across the portfolio.

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 25	PLUS	OO 5, OO 8, OO 9	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship: Overall stewardship strategy	2

Rank the channels that are most important for your organisation in achieving its stewardship objectives.

(A) Internal resources, e.g. stewardship team, investment team, ESG team, or staff Select from the list:

1

☑ (B) External investment managers, third-party operators and/or external property managers, if applicable Select from the list:

4

☑ (C) External paid specialist stewardship services (e.g. engagement overlay services or, in private markets, sustainability consultants) excluding investment managers, real assets third-party operators, or external property managers

Select from the list:

3

 $\ensuremath{\square}$ (D) Informal or unstructured collaborations with investors or other entities

Select from the list:

()

☑ (E) Formal collaborative engagements, e.g. PRI-coordinated collaborative engagements, Climate Action 100+, or similar

Select from the list:

2

o (F) We do not use any of these channels

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 26	PLUS	OO 8, OO 9, PGS 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship: Overall stewardship strategy	2

How does your organisation ensure that its policy on stewardship is implemented by the external service providers to which you have delegated stewardship activities?

(A) Example(s) of measures taken when selecting external service providers:



Our external service providers basically include financial consulting and due diligence service companies, law firms, background check service companies, environmental assessment service companies and other consulting service providers. In the stage of selecting a service provider, in addition to quotations, we also need to evaluate and consider the scale, corporate culture, value perspective, and social responsibility of the service provider. For example, we only select Big Four for our financial consulting and due diligence services, like EY or PWC, whose cognitive or understanding and performance in ESG will meet or above our ESG standards.

☑ (B) Example(s) of measures taken when designing engagement mandates and/or consultancy agreements for external service providers:

Most of the time, we use our own templates of engagement mandates or consultancy agreements for external service providers. All our templates are drafted by lawyers, which can provide better control and management in terms of compliance, legality, and rigor. All engagement mandates or consultancy agreements for external service providers will be initiated by relevant departments, and double check and final review by compliance and lawyers.

☑ (C) Example(s) of measures taken when monitoring the stewardship activities of external service providers:

When we start external services, we will designate an employee from the related department to participate in the service process from beginning to end. Starting from the initial agreement signing, the process, and to the final summary and report. The employee is responsible for, participates in, and communicates with this external service provider, ensuring the compliance, legality, and authenticity of the external service, as well as the final report content presented is authentic and effective.

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 27	PLUS	OO 8, OO 9	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship: Overall stewardship strategy	2

How are your organisation's stewardship activities linked to your investment decision making, and vice versa?

Our management activities can help us explore, discover, and provide real enterprise and industry information, thereby helping us obtain a more comprehensive risk management, risk control, and the final decision-making judgment.

STEWARDSHIP: ENGAGEMENT WITH POLICY MAKERS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 39	CORE	OO 8, OO 9	PGS 39.1, PGS 39.2	PUBLIC	Stewardship: Engagement with policy makers	2

Did your organisation, or the external investment managers or service providers acting on your behalf, engage with policy makers as part of your responsible investment approach during the reporting year?

☑ (A) Yes, we engaged with policy makers directly

- \Box (B) Yes, we engaged with policy makers through the leadership of or active participation in working groups or collaborative initiatives, including via the PRI
- \Box (C) Yes, we were members of, supported, or were in another way affiliated with third party organisations, including trade associations and non-profit organisations, that engage with policy makers, excluding the PRI



o (D) We did not engage with policy makers directly or indirectly during the reporting year beyond our membership in the PRI

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 39.1	CORE	PGS 39	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship: Engagement with policy makers	2

During the reporting year, what methods did you, or the external investment managers or service providers acting on your behalf, use to engage with policy makers as part of your responsible investment approach?

☑ (A) We participated in 'sign-on' letters	
\square (B) We responded to policy consultations	
\square (C) We provided technical input via government- or regulator-backed working ground control of the provided technical input via government- or regulator-backed working ground control of the provided technical input via government- or regulator-backed working ground control of the provided technical input via government- or regulator-backed working ground control of the provided technical input via government- or regulator-backed working ground control of the provided technical input via government- or regulator-backed working ground control of the provided technical input via government- or regulator-backed working ground control of the provided technical input via government- or regulator-backed working ground control of the provided technical input via government- or regulator-backed working ground control of the provided technical input via government- or regulator-backed working ground control of the provided technical input via government- or regulator-backed working ground control of the provided technical input via government- or regulator-backed working ground control of the provided technical input via government- or regulator-backed working ground control of the provided technical input via government- or regulator-backed working ground control of the provided technical input via government- or regulator-backed working ground control of the provided technical input via government- or regulator-backed working ground control of the provided technical input via government- or regulator-backed working ground control of the provided technical input via government- or regulator-backed working ground control or regulator-backed ground control or regulator-backed ground control or regulator-backed ground groun	ups
\square (D) We engaged policy makers on our own initiative	
☐ (F) Other methods	

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 39.2	CORE	PGS 39	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship: Engagement with policy makers	2

During the reporting year, did your organisation publicly disclose details of your engagement with policy makers conducted as part of your responsible investment approach, including through external investment managers or service providers?

☑ (A) We publicly disclosed all our policy positions Add link(s):

https://www.jadeinvest.com/wp-content/uploads/JI-RI-Policy.pdf

- $\hfill\square$ (B) We publicly disclosed details of our engagements with policy makers
- o (C) No, we did not publicly disclose details of our engagement with policy makers conducted as part of our responsible investment approach during the reporting year



CLIMATE CHANGE

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 41	CORE	N/A	PGS 41.1	PUBLIC	Climate change	General

Has your organisation identified climate-related risks and opportunities affecting your investments?

☑ (A) Yes, within our standard planning horizon

Specify the risks and opportunities identified and your relevant standard planning horizon:

Global warming, economic losses caused by natural disasters, and the increase of incidence rate and mortality of diseases or epidemics caused by climate change are all factors that we need to consider when making investment decisions. For us, climate risk can be mainly divided into two categories: physical risk and transformation risk, which are also the focus of our attention:

- 1. Physical risk refers to the risk of potential economic and financial losses caused by climate related disasters, such as economic and financial losses and instability caused by disaster events on property, land, infrastructure, etc.
- 2. Transformation risk refers to the economic chaos costs and financial losses associated with the low-carbon economic transformation process. It is generally believed that the risks of transformation mainly come from three aspects: firstly, policy changes, such as raising carbon prices or limiting carbon emissions; The second is technological transformation, such as the competitiveness of low-carbon technologies surpassing carbon intensive technologies; The third is the change in consumer preferences, such as the transition from energy consumption to clean energy.
- ☐ (B) Yes, beyond our standard planning horizon
- o (C) No, we have not identified climate-related risks and/or opportunities affecting our investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 41.1	CORE	PGS 41	N/A	PUBLIC	Climate change	General

Does your organisation integrate climate-related risks and opportunities affecting your investments in its overall investment strategy, financial planning and (if relevant) products?

Describe how climate-related risks and opportunities have affected or are expected to affect your investment strategy, financial planning and (if relevant) products:

We have a preference for businesses that address China's key environmental and health issues, e.g. water & air purification, healthy foods and sports. In addition, we invest in businesses that innovately address the needs of China's consumer but where there is room for improvement in areas such as responsible sourcing, environmentally friendly packaging and regulatory compliance. As part of our investment focus and strategy we exclude any businesses with any meaningful carbon footprint and/or climate risks. Therefore, the measures we apply to our portfolio are relatively minor. As an example, we are working with our one of our portfolio companies (pest control) to gradually replace their fleet of ICE cars with EVs.

We have initiated initiatives with one of our portfolio companies to improve environmental footprint, e.g. environmentally friendly packaging and reducing the use of plastics.



o (B) No, our organisation has not yet integrated climate-related risks and opportunities into its investment strategy, financial planning and (if relevant) products

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 42	PLUS	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Climate change	General

Which sectors are covered by your organisation's strategy addressing high-emitting sectors?

	al
□ (B) Ga	as
⟨C⟩ Oil ⟨□ (C) Oil (□ (C) Oil	
Descr	ibe your strategy:
	We invested in a new project last year in the hazardous goods transportation industry. Since last year, they have stopped purchasing and booking gasoline trucks and switched to purchasing hydrogen energy trucks. By the end of this year, the procurement and booking of hydrogen energy trucks have exceeded 100 vehicles.
☐ (D) Uti	ilities
□ (E) Ce	ment
☐ (F) Ste	eel
☐ (G) Av	iation
☐ (H) He	eavy duty road
☐ (I) Ligh	nt duty road
☐ (J) Shi	ipping in the second of the se
☐ (K) Alu	ıminium
☐ (L) Agı	riculture, forestry, fishery
□ (M) Ch	nemicals
□ (N) Co	onstruction and buildings
□ (O) Te:	xtile and leather
☑ (P) Wa	ater Control of the C
Descr	ribe your strategy:

One of our investment projects is to provide a one-stop service provider for filtered water, focusing on the installation and service of direct drinking water machines to replace traditional bottled water and plastic bottled mineral water provided in hotels. Removing plastic bottles and stopping the logistics transportation of drinking water are the most direct environmental measures.

☐ (Q) Other

o (R) We do not have a strategy addressing high-emitting sectors

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 43	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Climate change	General

Has your organisation assessed the resilience of its investment strategy in different climate scenarios, including one in which the average temperature rise is held to below 2 degrees Celsius (preferably to 1.5 degrees Celsius) above preindustrial levels?

☐ (A) Yes	s, using the Inevitable Policy Response Forecast Policy Sc	cenario (FPS)	or Required Policy	Scenario (RPS)
√ (B) Ye	s, using the One Earth Climate Model scenario			

☐ (C) Yes, using the International Energy Agency (IEA) Net Zero scenario

 \square (D) Yes, using other scenarios



o (E) No, we have not assessed the resilience of our investment strategy in different climate scenarios, including one that holds temperature rise to below 2 degrees

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 44	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Climate change	General

Does your organisation have a process to identify, assess, and manage the climate-related risks (potentially) affecting your investments?

☑ (A) Yes, we have a process to identify and assess climate-related risks

(1) Describe your process

Build a climate risk governance framework; Develop practical and operational climate strategies; Update and adjust the climate risk list; Strengthen climate risk management in the value chain.

(2) Describe how this process is integrated into your overall risk management

Enterprises incorporate climate related risk management into their governance structures, systems, and processes, first and foremost, by leveraging the supervisory role of the board of directors, which establishes processes and mechanisms for climate related risk management at the board level.

Secondly, a special department (such as the Risk Management Committee and the Sustainable Development Committee) or functional post should be set up for climate risk management. The department/post should be responsible for the overall management of climate related risks, and the disclosure should be described in accordance with the Committed step and management processes of sorting, evaluating, monitoring and other issues related to climate risk.

Developing feasible climate strategies and ensuring their efficient implementation is an important basis for investors to evaluate the leadership of enterprises or organizations.

This requires enterprises to fully consider climate related risk and opportunity information in their own business strategies and financial planning.

To ensure the implementation of the strategy, enterprises should also pay attention to the follow-up of climate related indicators and target information, such as water consumption, energy, land use, waste management, and greenhouse gas emissions. If climate issues are important enough for businesses, they can consider incorporating relevant performance indicators into their compensation policies. They should also explain their key climate related goals and financial goals based on expected regulatory requirements or market restrictions.

Enterprises should update and adjust their risk list in a timely manner based on the external environment and their own development needs, in order to better cope with various adverse factors brought about by the unpredictable climate, and enhance their ability to manage risks and operate steadily.

Climate risk not only has a direct impact on enterprise operations, but also causes indirect losses to enterprise operations through key links in the value chain.

Therefore, enterprises should fully consider the potential impact of various links in the value chain (such as supply chain, downstream customers, etc.) on their operations under climate risk due to changes in policies, laws, technology, markets, and other factors, and formulate response strategies in their development strategies to better enhance their ability to cope with risks.

 \square (B) Yes, we have a process to manage climate-related risks



 \circ (C) No, we do not have any processes to identify, assess, or manage the climate-related risks affecting our investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 45	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Climate change	General

During the reporting year, which of the following climate risk metrics or variables affecting your investments did your

rganisation use and disclose?	
☑ (A) Exposure to physical risk	
 (1) Indicate whether this metric or variable was used and disclosed, including the methodology (1) Metric or variable used 	
(2) Metric or variable used and disclosed	
o (3) Metric or variable used and disclosed, including methodology	
☑ (B) Exposure to transition risk	
(1) Indicate whether this metric or variable was used and disclosed, including the methodology	
(1) Metric or variable used	
(2) Metric or variable used and disclosed	
 (3) Metric or variable used and disclosed, including methodology 	
\square (C) Internal carbon price	
☑ (D) Total carbon emissions	
(1) Indicate whether this metric or variable was used and disclosed, including the methodology	
o (2) Metric or variable used and disclosed	
 (3) Metric or variable used and disclosed, including methodology 	
\square (E) Weighted average carbon intensity	
(1) Indicate whether this metric or variable was used and disclosed, including the methodology	
o (2) Metric or variable used and disclosed	
(3) Metric or variable used and disclosed, including methodology	
\square (G) Implied Temperature Rise (ITR)	
☑ (H) Non-ITR measure of portfolio alignment with UNFCCC Paris Agreement goals	
(1) Indicate whether this metric or variable was used and disclosed, including the methodology	
● (1) Metric or variable used	
(2) Metric or variable used and disclosed	
(3) Metric or variable used and disclosed, including methodology	
(I) Proportion of assets or other business activities aligned with climate-related opportunities	
(1) Indicate whether this metric or variable was used and disclosed, including the methodology	

- - o (2) Metric or variable used and disclosed o (3) Metric or variable used and disclosed, including methodology
- \square (J) Other metrics or variables
- o (K) Our organisation did not use or disclose any climate risk metrics or variables affecting our investments during the reporting year



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 46	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Climate change	General

During the reporting year, did your organisation disclose its Scope 1, Scope 2, and/or Scope 3 greenhouse gas emissions?

- ☑ (A) Scope 1 emissions
 - (1) Indicate whether this metric was disclosed, including the methodology
 - **(1) Metric disclosed**
 - o (2) Metric and methodology disclosed
 - (2) Provide links to the disclosed metric and methodology, as applicable

https://www.jadeinvest.com/wp-content/uploads/Jade-Invest-Climate-Transparency-Report-2020.pdf

- ☑ (B) Scope 2 emissions
 - (1) Indicate whether this metric was disclosed, including the methodology
 - **(1)** Metric disclosed
 - o (2) Metric and methodology disclosed
 - (2) Provide links to the disclosed metric and methodology, as applicable

https://www.jadeinvest.com/wp-content/uploads/Jade-Invest-Climate-Transparency-Report-2020.pdf

- ☐ (C) Scope 3 emissions (including financed emissions)
- o (D) Our organisation did not disclose its Scope 1, Scope 2, or Scope 3 greenhouse gas emissions during the reporting year

SUSTAINABILITY OUTCOMES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 47	CORE	N/A	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Sustainability outcomes	1, 2

Has your organisation identified the intended and unintended sustainability outcomes connected to its investment activities?

- (A) Yes, we have identified one or more specific sustainability outcomes connected to our investment activities
- o (B) No, we have not yet identified the sustainability outcomes connected to any of our investment activities



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 47.1	CORE	PGS 47	N/A	PUBLIC	Sustainability outcomes	1, 2

Which widely recognised frameworks has your organisation used to identify the intended and unintended sustainability outcomes connected to its investment activities?

☑ (A) The UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and targets
☑ (B) The UNFCCC Paris Agreement
☑ (C) The UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGPs)
□ (D) OECD frameworks: OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and Guidance on Responsible Business Conduct for
Institutional Investors
☐ (E) The EU Taxonomy
☐ (F) Other relevant taxonomies
☐ (G) The International Bill of Human Rights
☐ (H) The International Labour Organization's Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and the eight core
conventions
☐ (I) The Convention on Biological Diversity
☐ (J) Other international framework(s)
☐ (K) Other regional framework(s)
☐ (L) Other sectoral/issue-specific framework(s)
o (M) Our organisation did not use any widely recognised frameworks to identify the intended and unintended sustainability
outcomes connected to its investment activities

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 47.2	CORE	PGS 47	PGS 48	PUBLIC	Sustainability outcomes	1, 2

What are the primary methods that your organisation has used to determine the most important intended and unintended sustainability outcomes connected to its investment activities?

	/ sustainability				

- \square (B) Consult with key clients and/or beneficiaries to align with their priorities
- ☑ (C) Assess which actual or potential negative outcomes for people are most severe based on their scale, scope, and irremediable character
- ☑ (D) Identify sustainability outcomes that are closely linked to systematic sustainability issues
- ☐ (E) Analyse the input from different stakeholders (e.g. affected communities, civil society, trade unions or similar)
- \square (F) Understand the geographical relevance of specific sustainability outcome objectives
- ☐ (G) Other method
- o (H) We have not yet determined the most important sustainability outcomes connected to our investment activities



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 48	CORE	PGS 47.2	PGS 48.1, SO 1	PUBLIC	Sustainability outcomes	1, 2

Has your organisation taken action on any specific sustainability outcomes connected to its investment activities, including to prevent and mitigate actual and potential negative outcomes?

- (A) Yes, we have taken action on some of the specific sustainability outcomes connected to our investment activities
- o (B) No, we have not yet taken action on any specific sustainability outcomes connected to our investment activities

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 48.1	PLUS	PGS 48	N/A	PUBLIC	Sustainability outcomes	1, 2

Why has your organisation taken action on specific sustainability outcomes connected to its investment activities?

(A) We believe that taking action on sustainability outcomes is relevant to our financial risks and returns over l	both
short- and long-term horizons	
☐ (R) We believe that taking action on sustainability outcomes, although not yet relevant to our financial risks and returns	will

become so over a long-time horizon

☐ (C) We have been requested to do so by our clients and/or beneficiaries

- \Box (D) We want to prepare for and respond to legal and regulatory developments that are increasingly addressing sustainability outcomes
- ☑ (E) We want to protect our reputation, particularly in the event of negative sustainability outcomes connected to investments
- ☐ (F) We want to enhance our social licence-to-operate (i.e. the trust of beneficiaries, clients, and other stakeholders)
- \square (G) We believe that taking action on sustainability outcomes in parallel to financial return goals has merit in its own right

☐ (H) Other



HUMAN RIGHTS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 49	PLUS	PGS 47	PGS 49.1	PUBLIC	Human rights	1, 2

During the reporting year, what steps did your organisation take to identify and take action on the actual and potentially negative outcomes for people connected to your investment activities?

☑ (A) We assessed the human rights context of our potential and/or existing investments and projected how this could connect our organisation to negative human rights outcomes

Explain how these activities were conducted:

- ☑ (B) We assessed whether individuals at risk or already affected might be at heightened risk of harm Explain how these activities were conducted:
- ☑ (C) We consulted with individuals and groups who were at risk or already affected, their representatives and/or other relevant stakeholders such as human rights experts

Explain how these activities were conducted:

- \Box (D) We took other steps to assess and manage the actual and potentially negative outcomes for people connected to our investment activities
- (E) We did not identify and take action on the actual and potentially negative outcomes for people connected to any of our investment activities during the reporting year

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 49.1	PLUS	PGS 49	N/A	PUBLIC	Human rights	1, 2

During the reporting year, which stakeholder groups did your organisation include when identifying and taking action on the actual and potentially negative outcomes for people connected to your investment activities?

the actual and potentially negative outcomes for people connected to
☑ (A) Workers
Sector(s) for which each stakeholder group was included
☐ (1) Energy
\square (2) Materials
\square (3) Industrials
\square (4) Consumer discretionary
\square (5) Consumer staples
\square (6) Healthcare
\square (7) Finance
\square (8) Information technology
\square (9) Communication services
☐ (10) Utilities
\square (11) Real estate
☑ (B) Communities
Sector(s) for which each stakeholder group was included
☐ (1) Energy
(2) Materials
☐ (3) Industrials
\square (4) Consumer discretionary
☐ (5) Consumer staples
\square (6) Healthcare



□ (7) Finance
\square (8) Information technology
\square (9) Communication services
☐ (10) Utilities
\square (11) Real estate
☑ (C) Customers and end-users
Sector(s) for which each stakeholder group was included
☐ (1) Energy
\square (2) Materials
\square (3) Industrials
\square (4) Consumer discretionary
\square (5) Consumer staples
\square (6) Healthcare
\square (7) Finance
\square (8) Information technology
\square (9) Communication services
☐ (10) Utilities
\square (11) Real estate
\square (D) Other stakeholder groups

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 49.2	PLUS	PGS 47	N/A	PUBLIC	Human rights	1, 2

During the reporting year, what information sources did your organisation use to identify the actual and potentially negative outcomes for people connected to its investment activities?

☑ (A) Corporate disclosures

Provide further detail on how your organisation used these information sources:

☑ (B) Media reports

Provide further detail on how your organisation used these information sources:

- \square (C) Reports and other information from NGOs and human rights institutions
- $\hfill\square$ (D) Country reports, for example, by multilateral institutions, e.g. OECD, World Bank
- \square (E) Data provider scores or benchmarks
- \Box (F) Human rights violation alerts
- \square (G) Sell-side research
- \square (H) Investor networks or other investors
- \Box (I) Information provided directly by affected stakeholders or their representatives
- \square (J) Social media analysis
- ☐ (K) Other

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 50	PLUS	PGS 47	N/A	PUBLIC	Human rights	1, 2



During the reporting year, did your organisation, directly or through influence over investees, enable access to remedy for people affected by negative human rights outcomes connected to your investment activities?

☑ (A) Yes, we enabled access to remedy directly for people affected by negative human rights outcomes we caused or contributed to through our investment activities

Describe:

- \Box (B) Yes, we used our influence to ensure that our investees provided access to remedies for people affected by negative human rights outcomes we were linked to through our investment activities
- o (C) No, we did not enable access to remedy directly, or through the use of influence over investees, for people affected by negative human rights outcomes connected to our investment activities during the reporting year

PRIVATE EQUITY (PE)

POLICY

INVESTMENT GUIDELINES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 1	CORE	00 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Investment guidelines	1 to 6

What private equity-specific ESG guidelines are currently covered in your organisation's responsible investment policy(ies)?

- ☑ (A) Guidelines on our ESG approach tailored to the sector(s) and geography(ies) where we invest
- ☑ (B) Guidelines on our ESG approach tailored to the strategy(ies) and company stage(s) where we invest, e.g. venture capital, buy-out and distressed
- ☑ (C) Guidelines on pre-investment screening
- ☑ (D) Guidelines on minimum ESG due diligence requirements
- ☑ (E) Guidelines on our approach to ESG integration into short-term or 100-day plans (or equivalent)
- ☑ (F) Guidelines on our approach to ESG integration into long-term value-creation efforts
- ☐ (G) Guidelines on our approach to monitoring ESG risks, ESG opportunities and ESG incidents
- \square (H) Guidelines on our approach to ESG reporting
- (I) Our responsible investment policy(ies) does not cover private equity–specific ESG guidelines



FUNDRAISING

COMMITMENTS TO INVESTORS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 2	CORE	OO 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Commitments to investors	1, 4

For all of the funds that you closed during the reporting year, what type of formal responsible investment commitments did you make in Limited Partnership Agreements (LPAs), side letters or other constitutive fund documents?

- (A) We incorporated responsible investment commitments in LPAs (or equivalent) as a standard default procedure
- $\circ~$ (B) We added responsible investment commitments in LPAs (or equivalent) upon clients' request
- o (C) We added responsible investment commitments in side letters upon clients' request
- o (D) We did not make any formal responsible investment commitments for the relevant reporting year
- o (E) Not applicable; we have not raised funds in the last five years

PRE-INVESTMENT

MATERIALITY ANALYSIS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 3	CORE	OO 21	PE 3.1	PUBLIC	Materiality analysis	1

During the reporting year, how did you conduct ESG materiality analysis for your potential private equity investments?

- o (A) We assessed ESG materiality at the portfolio company level, as each case is unique
- $\circ~$ (B) We performed a mix of industry-level and portfolio company-level ESG materiality analyses
- (C) We assessed ESG materiality at the industry level only Select from dropdown list
 - (1) for all of our potential private equity investments
 - (2) for the majority of our potential private equity investments
 - o (3) for a minority of our potential private equity investments
- o (D) We did not conduct ESG materiality analyses for our potential private equity investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 3.1	CORE	PE 3	N/A	PUBLIC	Materiality analysis	1



During the reporting year, what tools, standards and data did you use in your ESG materiality analysis of potential private equity investments?

☐ (A) We used GRI standards to inform our private equity ESG materiality analysis
☐ (B) We used SASB standards to inform our private equity ESG materiality analysis
☐ (C) We used the UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) to inform our private equity ESG materiality analysis
☑ (D) We used environmental and social factors detailed in the IFC Performance Standards (or other similar standards used by development-focused financial institutions) in our private equity ESG materiality analysis
☐ (E) We used climate disclosures, such as the TCFD recommendations or other climate risk and/or exposure analysis tools, to

inform our private equity ESG materiality analysis

☑ (F) We used the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGPs) to inform our private equity ESG materiality analysis

☐ (G) We used geopolitical and macro-economic considerations in our private equity ESG materiality analysis

☐ (H) We engaged with the prospective portfolio company to inform our private equity ESG materiality analysis

☐ (I) Other

DUE DILIGENCE

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 4	CORE	00 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Due diligence	1

During the reporting year, how did material ESG factors influence the selection of your private equity investments?

☑ (A) Material ESG factors were used to identify risks

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our potential private equity investments
- o (2) for the majority of our potential private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our potential private equity investments
- ☑ (B) Material ESG factors were discussed by the investment committee (or equivalent)

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our potential private equity investments
- o (2) for the majority of our potential private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our potential private equity investments
- ☑ (C) Material ESG factors were used to identify remedial actions for our 100-day plans (or equivalent)

- (1) for all of our potential private equity investments
- o (2) for the majority of our potential private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our potential private equity investments
- ☐ (D) Material ESG factors were used to identify opportunities for value creation
- \Box (E) Material ESG factors informed our decision to abandon potential investments in the due diligence phase in cases where ESG risks were considered too high to mitigate
- ☐ (F) Material ESG factors impacted investments in terms of the price offered and/or paid
- o (G) Material ESG factors did not influence the selection of our private equity investments



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 5	CORE	00 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Due diligence	1

Once material ESG factors have been identified, what processes do you use to conduct due diligence on these factors for potential private equity investments?

- ☐ (A) We do a high-level or desktop review using an ESG checklist for initial red flags
- \square (B) We send detailed ESG questionnaires to target companies
- ☑ (C) We hire third-party consultants to do technical due diligence on specific material ESG factors

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our potential private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our potential private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our potential private equity investments
- ☑ (D) We conduct site visits

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our potential private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our potential private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our potential private equity investments
- ☑ (E) We conduct in-depth interviews with management and/or personnel

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our potential private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our potential private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our potential private equity investments
- ☑ (F) We conduct detailed external stakeholder analyses and/or engagement

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our potential private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our potential private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our potential private equity investments
- ☑ (G) We incorporate ESG due diligence findings in all of our relevant investment process documentation in the same manner as other key due diligence, e.g. commercial, accounting and legal

- (1) for all of our potential private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our potential private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our potential private equity investments
- ☑ (H) Our investment committee (or an equivalent decision-making body) is ultimately responsible for ensuring all ESG due diligence is completed in the same manner as for other key due diligence, e.g. commercial, accounting, and legal Select from dropdown list
 - (1) for all of our potential private equity investments
 - o (2) for a majority of our potential private equity investments
 - o (3) for a minority of our potential private equity investments
- ☐ (I) Other
- o (J) We do not conduct due diligence on material ESG factors for potential private equity investments



POST-INVESTMENT

MONITORING

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 6	CORE	00 21	PE 6.1	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1

During the reporting year, did you track one or more KPIs on material ESG factors across your private equity investments?

☑ (A) Yes, we tracked KPIs on environmental factors

Percentage of portfolio companies this applies to:

- o (1) >0 to 10%
- (2) >10 to 50%
- o (3) >50 to 75%
- o (4) >75 to 95%
- o (5) >95%

☑ (B) Yes, we tracked KPIs on social factors

Percentage of portfolio companies this applies to:

- o (1) >0 to 10%
- o (2) >10 to 50%
- (3) >50 to 75%
- o (4) >75 to 95%
- o (5) >95%

☑ (C) Yes, we tracked KPIs on governance factors

Percentage of portfolio companies this applies to:

- o (1) >0 to 10%
- o (2) >10 to 50%
- (3) >50 to 75%
- o (4) >75 to 95%
- o (5) >95%
- o (D) We did not track KPIs on material ESG factors across our private equity investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 6.1	PLUS	PE 6	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1

Provide examples of KPIs on material ESG factors you tracked across your private equity investments during the reporting year.

(A) ESG KPI #1

We invested in a new project last year, the hazardous goods transportation industry. Stopping the procurement of gasoline trucks was a KPI for last year, and the company has completed very well. In the next three years, all trucks will be replaced with hydrogen powered trucks, and a certain proportion of KPI settings will be made with a higher budget each year.



- (B) ESG KPI #2
- (C) ESG KPI #3
- (D) ESG KPI #4
- (E) ESG KPI #5
- (F) ESG KPI #6
- (G) ESG KPI #7
- (H) ESG KPI #8
- (I) ESG KPI #9
- (J) ESG KPI #10

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 7	CORE	00 21	PE 7.1	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1, 2

What processes do you have in place to support meeting your targets on material ESG factors for your private equity investments?

☑ (A) We use operational-level benchmarks to assess and analyse the performance of portfolio companies against sector performance

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments

☑ (B) We implement international best practice standards, such as the IFC Performance Standards, to guide ongoing assessments and analyses

Select from dropdown list

- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- ☐ (C) We implement certified environmental and social management systems across our portfolio
- ☐ (D) We make sufficient budget available to ensure that the systems and procedures needed are established
- ☑ (E) We hire external verification services to audit performance, systems, and procedures

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments

☑ (F) We conduct ongoing engagement with all key stakeholders at the portfolio company level, e.g. local communities, NGOs, governments, and end-users

- (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- ☐ (G) We implement 100-day plans, ESG roadmaps and similar processes



Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- ☐ (H) Other
- o (I) We do not have processes in place to help meet our targets on material ESG factors for our private equity investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 7.1	PLUS	PE 7	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1, 2

Describe up to two processes you have put in place during the reporting year to help meet your targets on material ESG factors.

(A) Process one

As part of our overall risk assessment process, we identify areas of concern with respect to ESG, tax and regulatory compliance in any given portfolio company. These often vary considerably depending on the industry and the specific company.

The most serious issues are addressed in our 100-day action plans, whereas longer term and issues deemed less serious and/or urgent are dealt with as part of our continuous portfolio management and monitoring work. In addition to the areas listed under section 1. above, we actively monitor the following areas:

- * Tax compliance
- * Social security / labour rights
- * Corporate governance / conflicts of interests
- * Environment activities which are not in breach of rules and regulation but where there is room for improvement
- * Corruption and unethical business practices.

(B) Process two

As a control investor in small to medium sized private companies ("SMEs"), with concentrated and actively managed portfolios, we are in frequent and close dialogue with management teams, in addition to quarterly board meetings. We also promote close interaction between our team members and portfolio company back office and mid- management staff to maximize oversight and transparency. Our ESG monitoring and portfolio management process is divided into "Detection" and "Implementation". The former is the responsibility of every member of our investment and portfolio management teams, who should report any confirmed, suspected or potential issues to the team member in charge of overall monitoring for any given portfolio company (the "Project Manager"). The Project Manager carries the full responsibility for the implementation of measures agreed with management, regardless of whether a certain task is delegated internally.

All ESG, tax and regulatory issues are filed in our portfolio management "Issues Log", with a clear description of the issue in question, the team member responsible, proposed action and a due date for resolving the issue. The Issues Log is shared across the team to ensure maximal internal transparency and oversight, and is being reviewed on a weekly basis across the portfolio.



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 8	PLUS	00 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1, 2

Describe material ESG risks and ESG opportunities that you integrate into your 100-day plans, including those accountable for their successful completion and how the process is monitored.

The most serious issues are addressed in our 100-day action plans, whereas longer term and issues deemed less serious and/or urgent are dealt with as part of our continuous portfolio management and monitoring work. In addition to the areas listed under section 1. above, we actively monitor the following areas:

- * Tax compliance
- * Social security / labour rights
- * Corporate governance / conflicts of interests
- * Environment activities which are not in breach of rules and regulation but where there is room for improvement
- * Corruption and unethical business practices.

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 9	CORE	00 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1, 2

Post-investment, how do you manage material ESG risks and ESG opportunities to create value during the holding period of your investments?

☑ (A) We develop company-specific ESG action plans based on pre-investment research, due diligence and materiality findings

- (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- \square (B) We adjust our ESG action plans based on performance monitoring findings at least yearly
- \Box (C) We, or the external advisors that we hire, support our private equity investments with specific ESG value-creation opportunities
- ☐ (D) We engage with the board to manage ESG risks and ESG opportunities post-investment
- ☐ (E) Other
- o (F) We do not manage material ESG risks and opportunities post-investment



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 12	CORE	00 21	PE 12.1	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1, 2

How do you ensure that adequate ESG-related competence exists at the portfolio company level?

- \square (A) We assign the board responsibility for ESG matters
- ☐ (B) We ensure that material ESG matters are discussed by the board at least yearly
- \square (C) We provide training on ESG aspects and management best practices relevant to the portfolio company to C-suite executives only
- ☑ (D) We provide training on ESG aspects and management best practices relevant to the portfolio company to employees (excl. C-suite executives)

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- ☑ (E) We support the portfolio company in developing and implementing its ESG strategy

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- ☑ (F) We support portfolio companies by finding external ESG expertise, e.g. consultants or auditors

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- ☑ (G) We share best practices across portfolio companies, e.g. educational sessions or the implementation of environmental and social management systems

- (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- ☑ (H) We include penalties or incentives to improve ESG performance in management remuneration schemes Select from dropdown list
 - (1) for all of our private equity investments
 - o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
 - o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- \square (I) Other
- (J) We do not ensure that adequate ESG-related competence exists at the portfolio company level



EXIT

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 13	CORE	OO 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Exit	4, 6

During the reporting year, what responsible investment information was shared with potential buyers of private equity investments?

- ☑ (A) Our firm's high-level commitment to responsible investment, e.g. that we are a PRI signatory Select from dropdown list
 - (1) for all of our private equity investments
 - o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
 - o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- ☑ (B) A description of what industry and asset class standards our firm aligns with, e.g. TCFD

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- ☑ (C) Our firm's responsible investment policy (at minimum, a summary of key aspects and firm-specific approach) Select from dropdown list

 - o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
 - o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- (D) Our firm's ESG risk assessment methodology (topics covered in-house and/or with external support)

- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- \square (E) The outcome of our latest ESG risk assessment on the asset or portfolio company
- ☐ (F) Key ESG performance data on the asset or portfolio company being sold
- ☐ (G) Other
- (H) No responsible investment information was shared with potential buyers of private equity investments during the reporting year
- o (I) Not applicable; we had no sales process (or control over the sales process) during the reporting year



DISCLOSURE OF ESG PORTFOLIO INFORMATION

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 14	CORE	OO 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Disclosure of ESG portfolio information	6

During the reporting year, how did you report your targets on material ESG factors and related data to your investors?

(A)	We	used	а	publicly	disclosed	sustainability	repo	ort

- ☑ (B) We reported in aggregate through formal reporting to investors
- \square (C) We reported at the portfolio company level through formal reporting to investors
- ☐ (D) We reported through a limited partners advisory committee (or equivalent)
- ☐ (E) We reported back at digital or physical events or meetings with investors
- \square (F) We had a process in place to ensure that reporting on serious ESG incidents occurred
- ☐ (G) Other
- (H) We did not report our targets on material ESG factors and related data to our investors during the reporting year

CONFIDENCE-BUILDING MEASURES (CBM)

CONFIDENCE-BUILDING MEASURES

APPROACH TO CONFIDENCE-BUILDING MEASURES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
CBM 1	CORE	N/A	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Approach to confidence-building measures	6

How did your organisation verify the information submitted in your PRI report this reporting year?

- \Box (A) We conducted independent third-party assurance of selected processes and/or data related to the responsible investment processes reported in our PRI report, which resulted in a formal assurance conclusion
- □ (B) We conducted a third-party readiness review and are making changes to our internal controls or governance processes to be able to conduct independent third-party assurance next year
- \Box (C) We conducted an internal audit of selected processes and/or data related to the responsible investment processes reported in our PRI report
- ☑ (D) Our board, trustees (or equivalent), senior executive-level staff (or equivalent), and/or investment committee (or equivalent) signed off on our PRI report
- ☐ (E) We conducted an external ESG audit of our holdings to verify that our funds comply with our responsible investment policy
- \Box (F) We conducted an external ESG audit of our holdings as part of risk management, engagement identification or investment decision-making



☐ (G) Our	esponses in selected sections and/or the entirety of our PRI report were internally reviewed before submission to the
PRI	

 $\circ~$ (H) We did not verify the information submitted in our PRI report this reporting year

